# Unit

# Telephone

one

- **A** Preparation
- **B** Taking a Message
- c Leaving a Message
- D Acknowledgement
- **E** Requesting Information
- F Ending a Call



# Clarifying an Order

### Warm up

Discuss these questions.

- 1) Have you ever experienced difficulties when talking on the phone with an English speaker?
- 2) What do you say when you don't understand something during a phone conversation?

### Pronunciation 4 1-1



Listen to these phrases and underline the stressed words.

- 1) Could you explain this graph in greater detail, please?
- 2) If I understand you correctly, you think we should do this now. Is that right?
- 3) Please tell me what you mean by 'these pictures.'

### Conversation 🙃

### Read and study the dialog.

Tory Hunter, a shoe store owner, calls Liz Baker, sales director to clarify the contents of a shoe price list file he received from her.

- A Hello?
- B Hi, Liz. This is Tory. I've seen the price list you sent me, and I can't understand the figures you calculated.
- A Please tell me what you mean by 'the figures.'
- B I'm talking about the figures on page 3. I do not think the numbers correspond with other wholesale price lists you've sent me.
- A Let me check. Oh, I think I wrote down the retail prices on the file.
- B So that's why the numbers didn't match.
- A I'll send you a new price list with the correct numbers on it.
- B Thanks. Could you give me a call after you've sent it?
- A Sure. I'll handle this right now.
- B OK. I'll talk to you later. Bye.
- A Bye.



### Useful Language

### Clarifying Meaning

I meant your new catalog on electronic measuring equipment.

Yes, that's right.

That's exactly what I meant.

### Asking for Clarification

May I check a couple of points with you?

Could you clarify a couple of things for me?

Could I ask you a couple of questions about your letter?

# Language Review

#### Present Perfect

• The present perfect is have / has + past participle. The past participle often ends in 'ed' (finished, decided, etc.), but many important verbs are irregular. (lost, done, been, written, etc.)

He told me his name, but I've forgotten it.

- We use the present perfect with just, already and yet. You can also use simple past.
  - \*Just: a short time ago
  - "Are you hungry?" "No, I've just had lunch. / I just had lunch."
  - \*Already: something that happened sooner than expected
  - "Don't forget to mail the letter." "I've already mailed it. / I already mailed it."
  - \*Yet: until now (Use yet only in questions and negative sentences.)

Has it stopped raining yet? / Did it stop raining yet?

I wrote the letter, but I haven't mailed it yet. / I didn't mail it yet.

### **A**ctivity

### Complete the sentences using the verbs and adverbs in parentheses.

1	Would you like something to eat? No, thanks, I	lunch. (just / have)
2	Do you know where Julia is? Yes, I	her. (just / see)
3	What time is David leaving? He	(already / leave)
4	What's in the newspaper today? I don't know. I	(not / read / yet)
5	Is Amy coming to the movies with us? No, she	the film, (already / se

## Role-Play Activities



Read and practice the dialogs below.

### Role-Play 1



- A Marketing. This is (student A's name).
- B (Student A's name). This is (student B's name).
- A Yes ma'am, how can I help you?
- B I need to talk to you regarding the report you sent me. It seems to be incomplete.
- A Could you please tell me what you mean by 'incomplete'?
- B It seems that you forgot to put the graphs in the report.
- A Oh, OK. I'll add that now.
- B Thank you.

### Role-Play 2



- A Good morning, this is (student A's name).
- B Hello, (student A's name), this is (student B's name). Can I talk to you right now?
- A Sure. What can I help you with?
- B Could you explain graph 2 in more detail?
- A It shows the marketing budget and goals for this year.
- B I see. There is no title for this graph.
- A I'll add it now and send the revised copy to you immediately.
- B OK. Thanks.



# Changing a Reservation

### Warm up

Discuss these questions.

- 1) When you make reservation changes, what are some things you might want to change?
- 2) Will the reservation change have any negative consequences? (Ex. a monetary fee) If so, how can you convince the person to overlook it?

### Pronunciation 1-5



### The TH Sound (Tongue must pass teeth.)

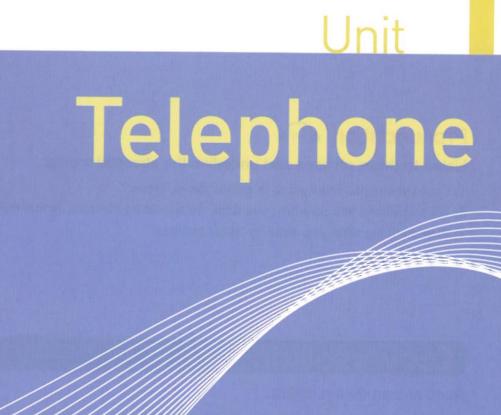
- 1) Th at the beginning this that there thick thin through think
- 2) Th in the middle without together feather brother mother
- 3) Th at the end with myth both teeth youth seventh

### Conversation 🖚

### Read and study the dialog.

Jack Takimoto is a retired golfer who spends a lot of his time traveling. Unfortunately, one of his flights was cancelled due to bad weather, and he has to change the date of his hotel reservation.

- A Thank you for calling Hampton Hotel. This is Maria, how can I help you?
- B Hi, Maria. My name is Jack Takimoto and I have a reservation for tomorrow, but my flight has been canceled, so I have to postpone my check-in date.
- A OK. I'd be happy to make changes for you. So you will be checking in on Thursday the 12th?
- B Yes. What time can I check in? Is 10 o'clock in the morning too early?
- A I'm afraid so. Our check-in time starts at 1 p.m., but we have a nice lobby and restaurants in the hotel.
- B That sounds good. Thank you very much.
- A Thank you for calling Hampton Hotel. Goodbye.



- A Clarifying an Order
- **B** Changing a Reservation
- c Explaining a Delay
- D Handling Complaints
- E Changing an Appointment
- F Confirmation

### Useful Language

#### When Making Reservations

Hi, could you check to see if you have any rooms available for March 27th?

How much is it to upgrade to a suite? Are there any suites available?

Would it be possible to get a room with 2 beds instead of 1?

### Asking for Clarification

Could you repeat my reservation back to me, please?

How much will I have to pay including tax? Are there any special promotions?

How far are you from the airport? Do you have a shuttle bus?

# Language Review

### Present Perfect: Simple & Continuous

 Both the simple and continuous present perfect describe actions that started in the past and continue to the present.

She's been a doctor for forty years.

• We use the **present perfect continuous** if we want to stress the duration of the action. He has been teaching his whole adult life.

Note: For verbs that describe states like be, have, etc., you cannot use the continuous form.

**Examples:** She's been being a doctor for five years. Wrong

> She's been a doctor for five years. Correct How long have you been having your car? Wrong How long have you had your car? Correct

### Activity

Complete the sentences using the verbs in parentheses.

1	a. You look a bit annoyed.	
	<b>b</b> . Yes, I	(wait) here for this person for the past five hours.
2	How long	(you / have) that shirt? It looks brand-new.
3	a. How long has your dad _	(be) a doctor?
	b. He	(be) a doctor for as long as I can remember.
4 a(your parents / live) in this house lost		our parents / live) in this house long?
	b. No, only about two years.	

# Role-Play Activities



Read and practice the dialogs below.

### Role-Play 1



- A Good afternoon, Ryatt Hotel. How may I help you?
- B Hello, my name is Michael Jimson. Could you give me directions to your hotel?
- A OK. What direction are you coming from?
- B I'll be coming from Kennedy Airport. Is your hotel far from the airport?
- A No, not at all. Take the 210 freeway going south. Go about 5 miles and exit at Cherry Street.
- B Alright, thank you very much.
- A No problem. Thank you for calling. Goodbye.

### Role-Play 2



- A Good morning, I would like to change my arrival date.
- B OK, can I please have your name and the date you want to change to?
- A Sure. My name is Bill Bradley and I made a reservation for the 12th, but need to change that to the 14th.
- B Alright, Mr. Bradley. I would be happy to help you with that. I will make the change.
- A Will there be a fee for changing the date?
- B No, not at all.
- A Great. Thank you so much.
- B You're very welcome. Thank you for calling Bruce Kim's Lounge.